



Australian Government
Department of Home Affairs



CYBER AND
INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY
CENTRE

Cyber Security and the Healthcare Sector

RACS 'Preparation for Practice'
July 2023

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Cyber and Infrastructure Security Outreach



CISC Outreach Network

The Outreach Network has a national footprint, with officers embedded in each state office of the Australian Cyber Security Centre.

Officers work collaboratively with other areas of the Department, the ACSC, State and Territory Governments, and industry experts to uplift the security and resilience of critical infrastructure entities.

- **Cyber security uplift and advice**
- Insight regarding critical infrastructure reforms
- All-hazards risk management
- Amplification of the Australian Cyber Security Strategy





Critical Infrastructure Sectors and Assets

Energy



Liquid Fuel



Gas



Energy Market
Operator



Electricity

Communications



Broadcasting



Domain Name
Systems



Telecommunications

Data



Data Storage or
Processing

Food & Grocery



Food
and Grocery

Defence



Defence Industry

Water & Sewage



Water

Healthcare



Designated
Hospitals

Space Tech



Space Industry

Higher Education



Education

Financial Services & Markets



Superannuation



Financial Markets
and Infrastructure



Banking



Insurance

Transportation



Ports



Freight
Infrastructure



Freight
Services



Aviation



Public
Transport

What happened in 2021-22 (that was reported)



- 76,000 cybercrime reports via ReportCyber, equivalent to **one report of a cyber attack every 7 minutes**.
- Cost of cybercrime up to **\$33 billion** in Australia.
- Average self-reported loss was **\$39,000** for **small businesses** and **\$88,000** for medium businesses (**on average**)
- Approximately **52%** of **ransomware** cybercrime reports were by small-medium businesses
- No sector of the Australian economy is immune - Government, industry, families and individuals were all targeted.

Who Commits Cyber Crime?

Cybercriminals are individuals or teams of people who use computer technology to steal personal/confidential information and then sell or distribute it.

- **State-Sponsored Actors**
- **Foreign Intelligence Services**
- **Organized Cybercrime Syndicates**
- **Trusted Insiders (Malicious/Neglectful)**
- **Hacktivists**
- **Terrorists**
- **Scammers**
- **Trolls**
- **Internet Stalkers**





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Why the **Healthcare** and Medical Sector?

Why the Healthcare Sector?

Aside from the universal risks faced by every individual and business that operates online, the Healthcare Sector has some unique vulnerabilities:

Volume and sensitivity of data holdings

Increasing cyber surface area

Importance of sustained access

Susceptibility to stressed resources

High-trust industry a target for scams



Common Cyber Security Threats



Phishing (scam attempts)

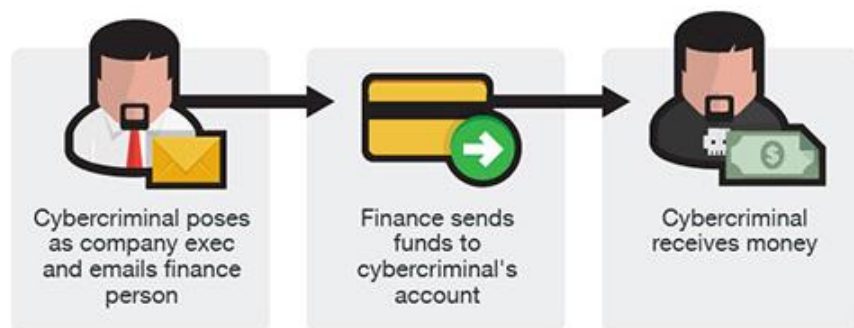
- Malicious links, calls, SMS
- Can be random or targeted
- *Case study: Transportationgov.net*

Ransomware (a nasty type of malware)

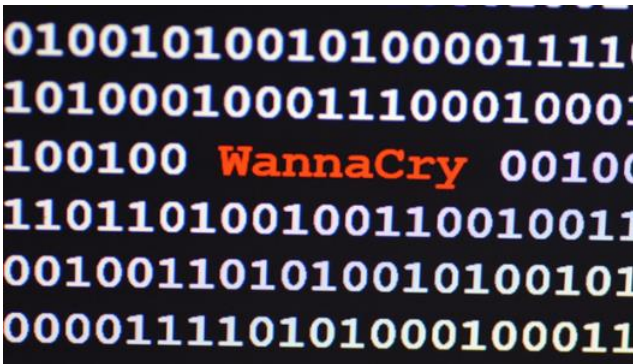
- File encryption, ransom demand
- Double/triple extortion
- *Case Study: Colonial Pipeline*

Business Email Compromise (BEC)

- Invoice fraud
- Employee or company impersonation
- *Case Study: Small Biz double invoice*



NHS could have avoided WannaCry hack with 'basic IT security', says report



Case Study - WannaCry Ransomware, Sep 2017:

- North Korean cyber actors executed the attack, designed to indiscriminately target Microsoft Windows systems and demand ransom in bitcoin.
- The attack significantly affected hospital systems around the world, including the UK's National Health Service (NHS).
- A large portion of NHS healthcare trusts and providers, such as general practitioners, experienced shutdowns and lockouts of devices and systems, preventing the function and delivery of healthcare services.
- This resulted in the cancellation of over 19,000 medical appointments and caused more than GBP92m in damages and recovery costs.

The untold story of a cyberattack, a hospital and a dying woman



Case Study - German University, Sep 2020:

- Cybercriminals deployed ransomware against a German university affiliated with a hospital, disrupting its computer systems.
- An individual being transported to the hospital by ambulance had to be re-routed to another hospital 30km away. She passed away en-route.
- The actors stopped the ransomware attack (by providing the encryption key) after learning they had disrupted the hospital and possibly caused a patient death.



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**What can individuals
and small businesses do?**

Multi-Factor Authentication



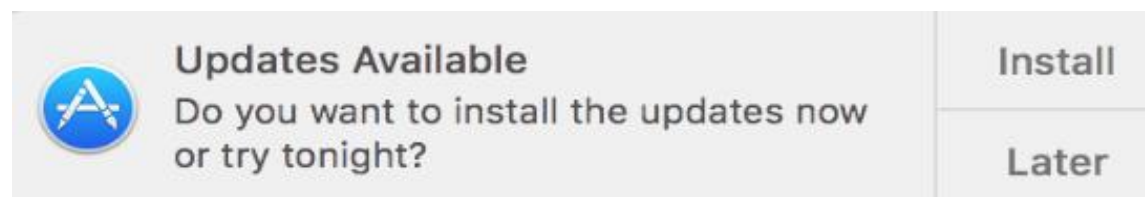
- Like a free alarm system
- Doubles your login security
- Easy to set up and use

Knock Knock
Who's There?
Correct Password
Correct Password Who?

Automatic Updates



- **Something you can do *now***
- **Something you can do *once***
- **Set and forget, stay up to date**



Automatic Backups



Would you like to
save your progress?

YES

NO

- **Something you can set up *today***
- **Something you can schedule**
- **Make it automatic and stay secure**

~~P@ssw0rd\$~~ - Passphrases

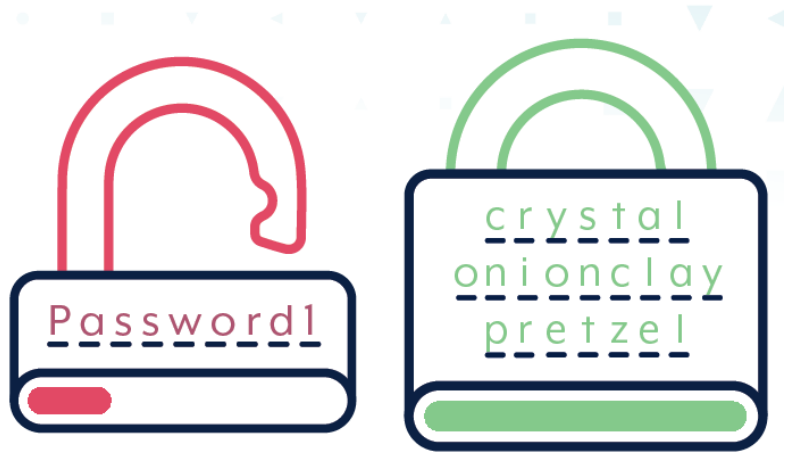


**Passwords provide
the first line of
defence against
unauthorized
access to your
computer and
personal
information.**

TIME IT TAKES A HACKER TO BRUTE FORCE YOUR PASSWORD IN 2022

Number of characters	Numbers only	Lowercase Letters	Upper and Lowercase Letters	Numbers, Upper and Lowercase Letters	Numbers, Upper and Lowercase Letters, Special Characters
7	Instantly	Instantly	2 seconds	7 seconds	31 seconds
8	Instantly	Instantly	2 minutes	7 minutes	39 minutes
14	3 minutes	4 years	64k years	750K years	16m years

Passphrases



Outs

123456
Qwerty!
Password
Mumsname58
BuddyFranklin23
Wordpass!
Streetname17

Ins

Number Twenty Two #22

Fussy! Messy! Sassy! Bossy?

Spain Sunshine Sausage Band

Foggy Camera Mountain Climb

- Harder to crack against common password attacks
- Easier to remember than random characters
- Meet password requirements easily
- Length beats complexity



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Why use a password manager?

Security & convenience

256-bit AES

Zero Trust

Two-Factor Authentication available

They Are Better Than the Alternative

haveibeenpwned.com



ACSC Resources – cyber.gov.au





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Assess your level of cyber security

[Cyber Security Assessment Tool | Cyber.gov.au](https://cyber.gov.au/cyber-security-assessment-tool)

Your assessment and recommendations

Based on your responses, your cyber security maturity and knowledge level is: **Starter**.



Your business is in the early phase of its cyber security journey. You should be focusing on putting in place some basic measures to have a more effective approach to cyber security.

Have you been hacked?

'Have you been hacked?' steps potential victims through a series of scenarios to help assess if they've been hacked, and guide them on how to respond.

Scenarios include ransomware attacks, malware, email compromise and identity theft, as well as phishing and fake website scams accessed via sms and mobile devices.

Tool can be found on cyber.gov.au



Exercise in a Box

All-in-one simulation exercise platform to assess and improve your organisation's cyber security practices and prepare for a cyber incident

- Various options to suit your needs
 - Discussion based exercises
 - Micro exercises
 - Simulation exercises
- Secure and anonymous, guides users through cyber security exercises
- Includes everything you need to plan, set up and deliver cyber exercises to your organisation
- Post activity report function

Scan the QR code or head
to cyber.gov.au and
search 'Exercise in a Box'



What else can I do?

- **Know how to report a cyber security incident or cybercrime**

Report the cyber incident to ACSC, via cyber.gov.au/report

Call the ACSC 24/7 hotline on 1300 CYBER1 (1300 292 371) if you need help.

- **Know your networks** - If you have an IT provider, Managed Service Provider (MSP), and/or cloud services provider, contact them for assistance and advice.
- **Evaluate risks associated with cyber supply chains.**
- **Prepare for a cyber security incident by having incident response, business continuity and disaster recovery plans in place, and testing them.**
- If you or your business have been a victim of identity theft - contact **IDCARE**. They will work with you to develop a specific response plan to your situation and support you through the process. Visit www.idcare.org



Where to Start?

- Sign up to the ACSC's Partnership Program.
- Establish standards on **passwords** & install **MFA** wherever possible.
- Set up **automatic updates** and **backups**.
- Train staff and bring them with you (encourage reporting).
- Visit **cyber.gov.au** and implement their essential mitigation strategies (if you outsource ITS, talk to them about your company's posture).
- Provide feedback / follow up questions via the **QR Code** >>>

