## ANZELA-QI | INCLUSION AND EXCLUSION CRITERIA

Feb 2020

	Included	Excluded
BASIC	Adults (> 18 years )	Children (< 18 years)
	Booked to undergo an abdominal procedure where urgency for surgical intervention is < 24 hours from surgical decision	Elective laparotomy / laparoscopy
	Acute abdomen requiring emergency assessment but ultimately not operated on	
APPROACH & INTENT	Open, laparoscopic, or laparoscopic-assisted procedures	
	Diagnostic laparotomy/laparoscopy where no procedure is performed due to inoperable pathology e.g. peritoneal/hepatic metastases	Diagnostic laparotomy/laparoscopy only, where no subsequent procedure performed (unless due to inoperable pathology)
ANATOMY	Procedures involving the stomach, small or large bowel, or rectum	
INDICATION	Conditions involving perforation, ischaemia, abdominal abscess, bleeding or obstruction	
APPENDIX		Appendicectomy +/- drainage of localised collection (unless the procedure is incidental to a non-elective procedure on the GI tract)
BILIARY & GALL	<b>Operations on the biliary tract or gallbladder</b> that are not an acute cholecystectomy	<b>Cholecystectomy</b> +/- drainage of localised collection (unless the procedure is incidental to a non-elective procedure on the GI tract)
DEHISCENCE	Return to theatre for repair of <b>substantial dehiscence</b> of major abdominal wound (i.e. "burst abdomen")	Minor abdominal wound dehiscence (unless this causes bowel complications requiring resection)
VASCULAR	Vascular surgery where the <b>resection of ischaemic bowel</b> was a separate visit to theatre following abdominal aortic aneurysm repair	Vascular surgery, including abdominal aortic aneurysm repair
GYNAE	<b>Bowel resection</b> performed as a non-elective procedure for obstruction due to gynaecological cancer	Caesarean section or obstetric laparotomies
		Gynaecological laparotomy
		Ruptured ectopic pregnancy
PERITONEUM	Washout/evacuation of intra-peritoneal haematoma	Surgery relating to sclerosing peritonitis

	Included	Excluded		
HERNIA	Bowel resection/repair due to incarcerated umbilical, inguinal and femoral hernias (but not umbilical, inguinal and femoral hernia repair without bowel resection/repair)			
	<b>Obstructing/incarcerated incisional hernias</b> with or without bowel resection provided the presentation and findings were acute.			
ADHESION & ABSCESS	Laparoscopic/Open <b>Adhesiolysis</b>	Pelvic abscesses due to pelvic inflammatory disease		
OTHER	<ul> <li>Operations on the oesophagus (e.g. perforation, incarcerated hernia etc.) with or without bowel resection provided the presentation and findings were acute and managed via a laparotomy and not thoracotomy</li> <li>Any re-operation/return to theatre meeting the criteria above is included, such as patients:</li> <li>with ischaemic bowel following elective or emergency aortic aneurysm surgery, or for ischaemic bowel following cardiac surgery</li> <li>requiring non-elective surgery with or without bowel resection following prior gynaecological or obstetric surgery</li> <li>return to theatre for post-operative complications (e.g. bleeding, sepsis, bowel injury) following prior urological, renal or transplant surgery even if the original procedure would have been excluded</li> <li>If multiple procedures are performed on different anatomical sites within the abdominal/pelvic cavity, the patient would be included if the major procedure is general surgical. e.g. <ul> <li>non-elective colonic resection with hysterectomy for a fistulating colonic cancer would be included as the bowel resection is the major procedure</li> <li>bowel resection at the same time as emergency abdominal aortic aneurysm repair would not be included as the aneurysm repair is the major procedure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Laparotomy/laparoscopy for pathology caused by <b>blunt or penetrating trauma</b> All surgery relating to <b>organ transplantation</b> unless the return to theatre for a bowel injury Surgery for <b>removal of dialysis catheters</b> Laparotomy/laparoscopy for pathology of the spleen, renal tract, kidneys, liver, pancreas or urinary tract that involve a <b>bowel injury</b>		
	The above criteria are not exhaustive. <b>Any intra-abdominal procedure not identifiable within the exclusion criteria should be</b> <b>included.</b> Please contact the ANZELA-QI team if you require any clarification.			